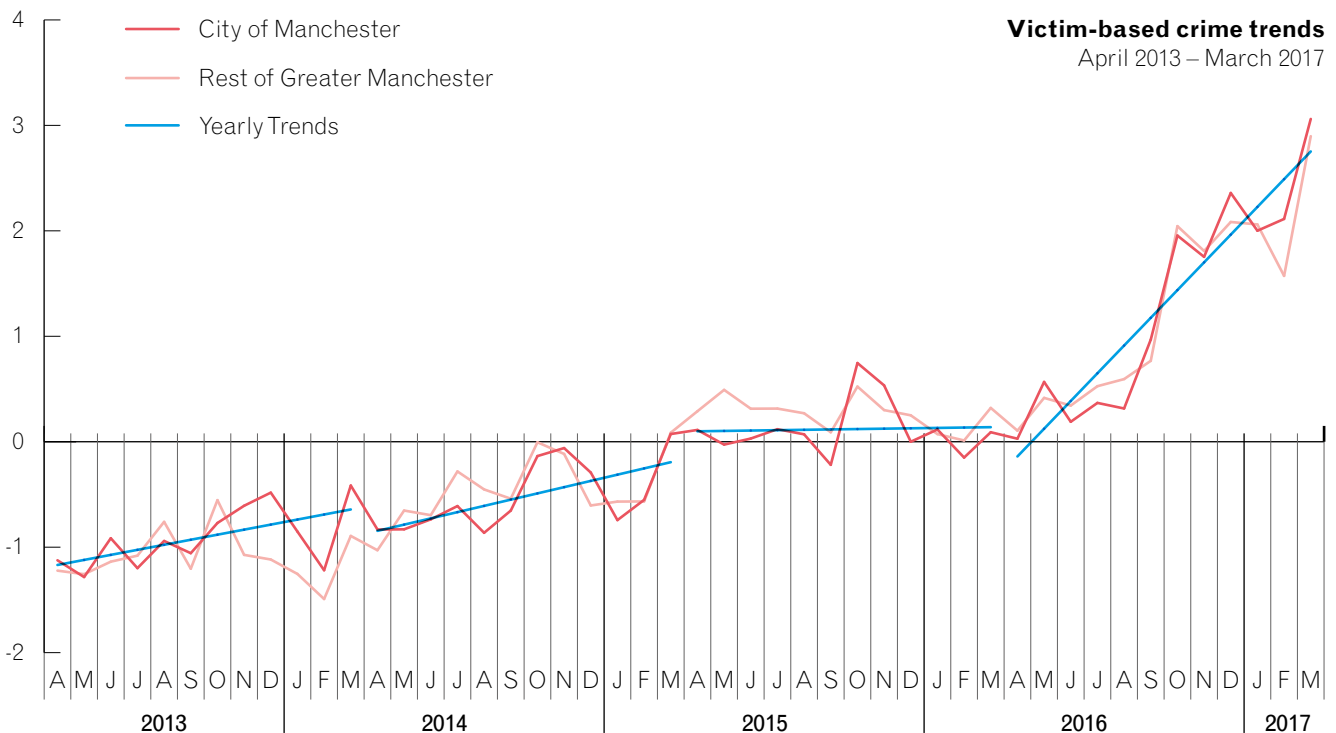


# COMMUNITY SAFETY STATISTICS

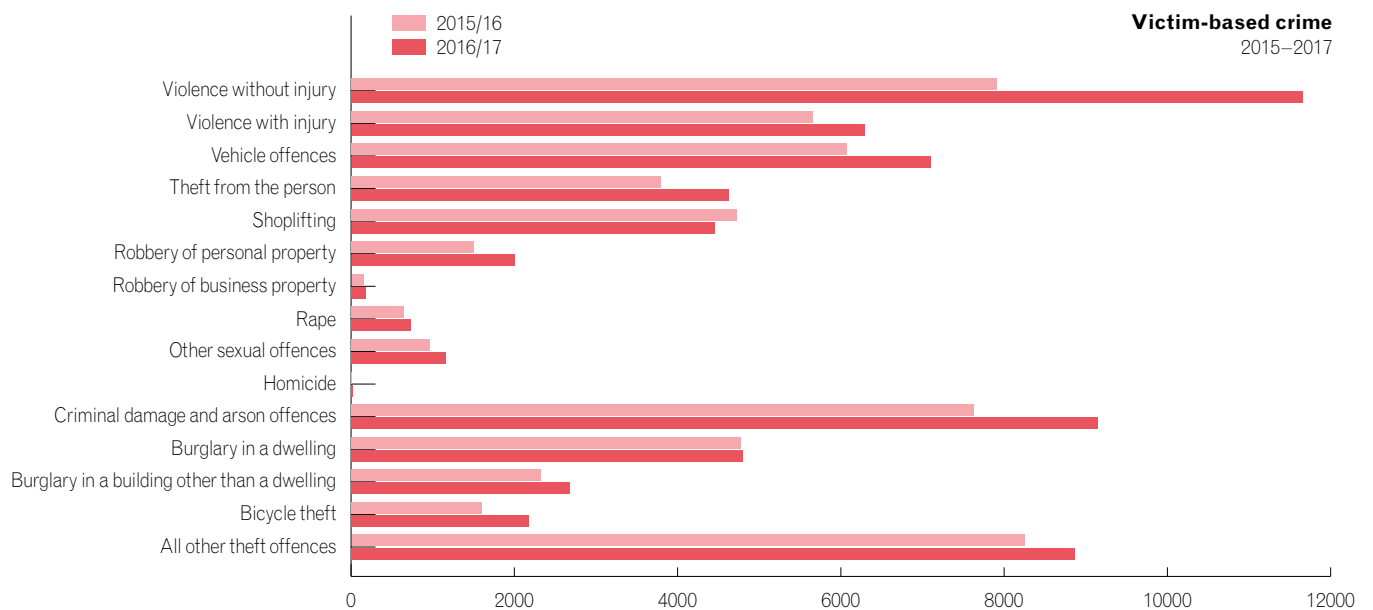
## Victim-based crime

Victim-based crime is a broad category that includes offences of violence against the person (including homicide, violence with injury, and violence without injury), sexual offences (including rape), acquisitive crime (including robbery, burglary, vehicle crime, shoplifting and theft) and criminal damage.

Since 2014, HM Inspectorate of Constabulary inspections into crime recording have encouraged police forces across the country to improve their procedures and move to a more victim-centred approach. As a result, these improved recording practices have contributed towards some of these increases. These increases are not confined to Manchester.



Source: GMP Business Intelligence, May 2017



Source: GMP Business Intelligence, May 2017

## Hate crime and incidents

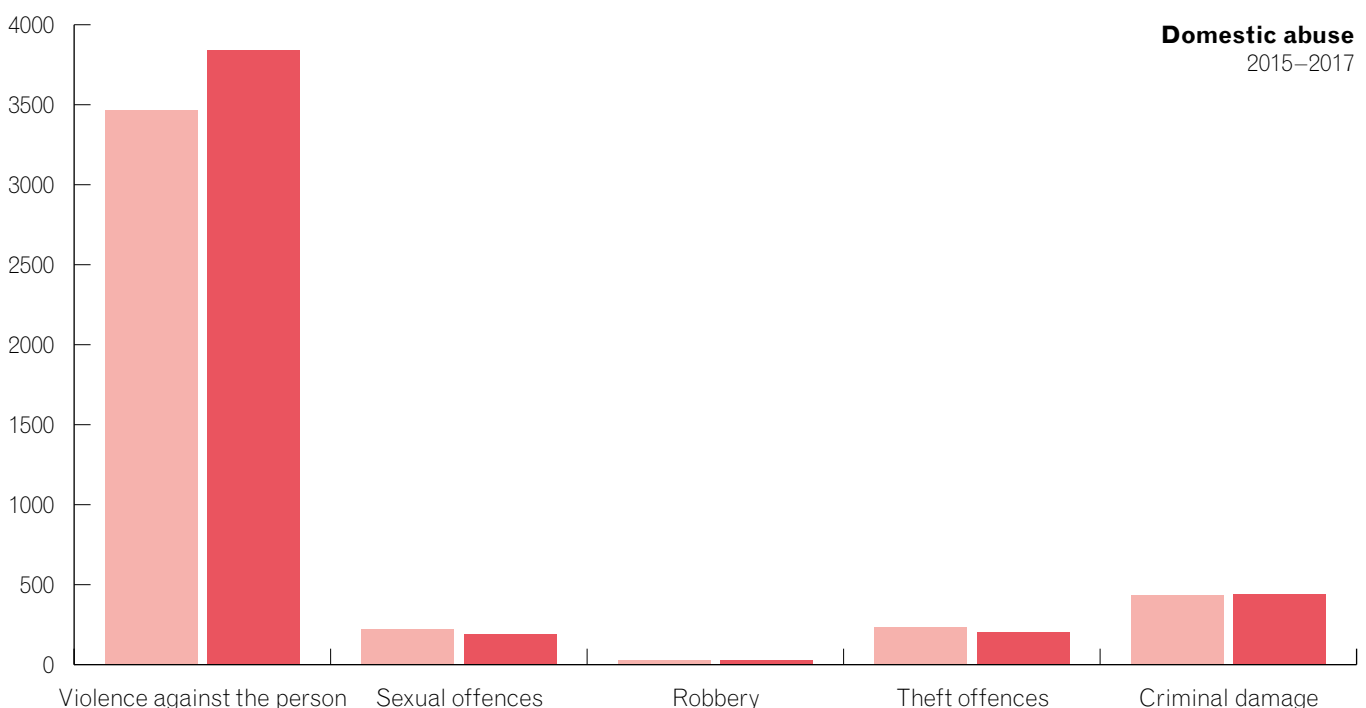
In recent years, the increase in the number of hate crimes reported has generally been seen as a positive trend, as it indicates that victims have the confidence to report to the police or to third-party reporting centres. However, following the terror attack on the Manchester Arena on 22 May 2017, hate crime and hate incidents increased significantly. The CSP has been monitoring and responding to these on a daily basis. Colleagues from the CSP are also part of the multi-agency Recovery Coordinating Group established to deal with the recovery, restoration and rebuilding of Manchester and its people. The graph below shows the number of hate crimes and incidents up to June 2017.

	July 2015 – June 2016	July 2016 – June 2017	TOTAL
<b>Race</b>	1637	2206	3843
<b>Religion</b>	243	453	696
<b>Homophobic</b>	258	331	589
<b>Disability</b>	72	88	160
<b>Transgender</b>	27	52	79
<b>Alternative subculture</b>	4	5	9
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>2057</b>	<b>2809</b>	<b>4866</b>
<b>Anti-Semitic</b>	47	70	117
<b>Islamophobic<sup>157</sup></b>	157	215	372

Source: GMP Business Intelligence, May 2017

## Domestic abuse

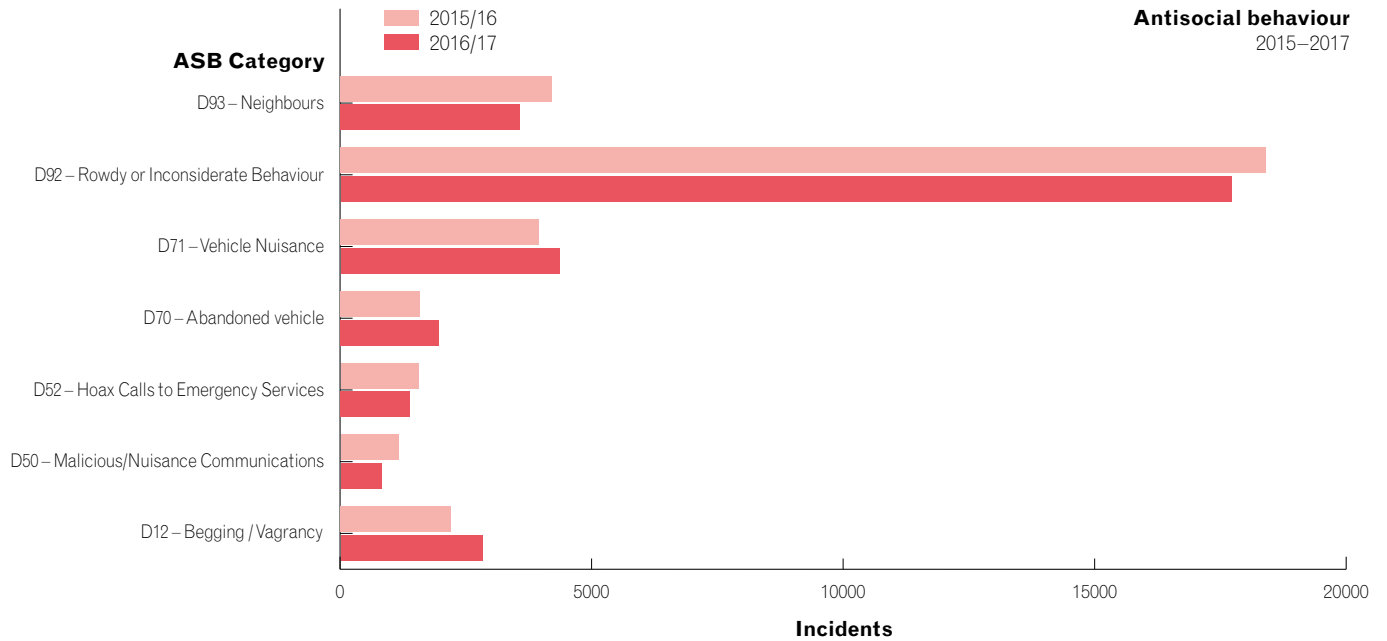
Domestic abuse is a key priority and is underreported. A series of targeted communication campaigns were used to raise awareness of domestic abuse. These were targeted towards specific groups, eg. young people, and covered topics such as sexting, social media, dating and unhealthy relationships. Other campaigns were targeted towards BME survivors, family and friends of domestic abuse survivors, and perpetrators.



Source: GMP Business Intelligence, May 2017

## Antisocial behaviour

Antisocial behaviour is an area where there has been a slight decrease. However, there were increases in reports relating to begging and vagrancy, which saw a rise from 2,193 in 2015/16 to 2,820 in 2016/17, the majority relating to incidents in the city centre.



Source: GMP Business Intelligence, May 2017